



Essential Content Framework

A Beginning-of-Year Success Plan for Educators *Go Math!* Grade 3

As schools enter the 2020-2021 academic year, educators will be challenged with meeting students' needs for the current calendar year while addressing learning gaps produced as a result of COVID-19 related school closures.

Working with the International Center for Leadership in Education (ICLE), HMH has identified the highest priority standards for you to focus on. These priority standards are built from hundreds of projects with thousands of educators around the country, which consistently show that prioritizing standards results in learning gains for ALL students, particularly students who are behind, and regardless of whether they have experienced disrupted learning.

Using these priority standards, HMH has developed this HMH Essential Content Framework as a guidance document as educators use the *Go Math!* planning resources and tools to guide their instruction beginning in Fall 2020.

The enclosed HMH Essential Content Framework allows educators to focus on those standards most critical to a student's success in achieving grade level proficiency and above, as well as providing specific content from the prior grade that can be used for scaffolding and reteaching.

Use this Essential Content Framework in conjunction with your school or district's scope and sequence documentation to identify critical skills, on-grade lessons, and expected prior-year learning that supports these standards.

Determining Student Needs

Understand the Options

Get to know what skill strengths and challenges your students are bringing to the classroom at the beginning of the year.

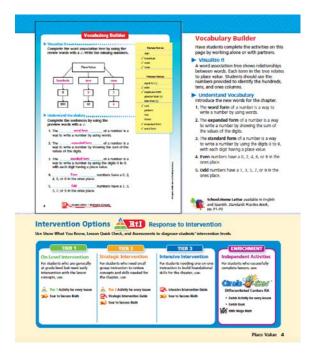
- Consult data or feedback from the last academic year. Reach out to the previous grade's teachers to find out whether there are any tips that you should consider as you start the year.
- As you begin each Go Math! chapter, use the Show What You Know, Lesson Quick Check, and related formative and summative assessments to diagnose your student's intervention levels.

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• Then use the *Go Math!* Rtl resources or refer to this Essential Content Framework for prior year lessons and resources you might assign to your students for remediation.



• As assignments are completed, use the Quick Reports to view progress toward standards by clicking the "Class Program" tab.



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Explore other Assignment and Assessment Reports in Go Math for insight into students' progress on assignments and their results.

| View progress on assignments. | View students' assig | nment results. |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Assignments 🗅 💽 | Reports @ | 57 |
| Completed In Progress Net Buttenited | Scores Over 70% 50% - 70 | S Under 60% |
| Due: 12/06/2013 All summer in a day: Selection test B/C | Module 1 - Post-Test | |
| 4G Reading | 1.6 in neverlass | Not submitted 1. |
| Due: 12/06/2013 Write an argument, pp 60-81 4G Reading | Mul IR N 2 | - |
| Due: 12/06/2013 | A Simmerclass Module 4- Post-Test | Not submitted 2., |
| Ghandi: The rise to fame, pp 103-106 1/1 Completed ✓ 4C Reading | | Not submitted 2 |
| | 1 5 in newstana | 2) |

• Learn to look for patterns. After students have completed an assessment, review the reports available for the class and individual students.

Review Priority Skills and Standards

Organized in a way to supplement the *Go Math!* Planning Guide, this Essential Content Framework is intended to provide instructional plans and access to lessons and interventions that will allow for students' learning gaps to be addressed throughout the school year.

- Identify the on grade-level lessons aligned with the HMH Priority Standards and, based on what you know about your class assessment reports, choose those prior-year lessons most appropriate for the majority of students in your class.
- Prior to beginning a chapter, use the on-grade chapter's **Show What You Know**, **Lesson Quick Check exercises**, and assessments to identify any learning gaps among the students. You can then use the prior-year lessons online to address these learning gaps.
- Based on your findings, you can also use the differentiated instruction resources in the Chapter Resources, Prerequisite Skills activities in the Teacher Edition, and RtI Intervention Options for each chapter to meet additional students' needs.
- During a lesson, use the Formative Assessment options from each lesson to determine the student's current success with the lesson's learning objective.



Using this Essential Content Framework

The Essential Content Framework that follows is for grade 3 *Go Math!* and covers those HMH Priority Standards identified for grade 3. Each HMH Priority Standard is followed by the lessons within the *Go Math!* Chapters that address that priority standard.

For each on-grade HMH Priority Standard, the prior learning lessons are also listed, allowing you to identify *Go Math!* resources you can use to prepare students for the on-grade level lessons.

Chapters 9 and 10 of grade 3 *Go Math!* do not cover an HMH Priority Standard. You should consider your own school's or district's scope and sequence for grade 3 to decide when to teach these chapters.

Grade 3 Priority Standards and Prerequisite Learning Lessons

| Grade-Level Priority Standard | Current Grade 3 Lessons | Prior Learning Lessons |
|--|---|--|
| Use multiplication and division within 100 to solve word problems in situations involving equal groups, arrays, and measurement quantities, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem. | Lessons 3.3, 3.5, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 6.1, 6.5, 6.6, 7.1, 7.3, 7.8 | Grade 2 Lessons 3.9, 4.10, 5.10, 5.11 |
| Determine the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division equation relating three whole numbers. For example, determine the unknown number that makes the equation true in each of the equations $8 \times ? = 48$, $5 = $ _ $\div 3$, $6 \times 6 = ?$ | Lessons 5.2, 7.8 | Grade 2 Lessons 1.1, 1.2 |

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| Grade-Level Priority Standard | Current Grade 3 Lessons | Prior Learning Lessons |
|--|---|---|
| Apply properties of operations as strategies to multiply and divide. Examples: If $6 \times 4 = 24$ is known, then $4 \times 6 = 24$ is also known. (Commutative property of multiplication.) $3 \times 5 \times 2$ can be found by $3 \times 5 = 15$, then $15 \times 2 =$ 30 , or by $5 \times 2 = 10$, then $3 \times 10 =$ 30. (Associative property of multiplication.) Knowing that $8 \times 5 =$ 40 and $8 \times 2 = 16$, one can find 8×7 as $8 \times (5 + 2) = (8 \times 5) + (8 \times 2) = 40$ + 16 = 56. (Distributive property.) | Lessons 3.6, 3.7, 4.4, 4.6, 6.9 | Grade 2 Lessons 3.2, 3.4, 3.6, 3.10, 3.11, 4.9, 4.10, 5.9, 5.10, 5.11 |
| Fluently multiply and divide within 100, using strategies such as the relationship between multiplication and division (e.g., knowing that 8 × 5 = 40, one knows 40 ÷ 5 = 8) or properties of operations. By the end of Grade 3, know from memory all products of two one-digit numbers. | Lessons 4.5, 4.8, 4.9, 6.8, 7.2, 7.4, 7.5, 7.6, 7.7, 7.9 | Grade 2 Lessons 1.8, 1.9, 3.10, 3.11 |
| Solve two-step word problems using the four operations. Represent these problems using equations with a letter standing for the unknown quantity. Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies including rounding. | Lessons 1.12, 2.1, 2.6, 3.4, 4.10, 7.10, 7.11 | Grade 2 Lessons 3.10, 3.11, 4.9, 4.10, 5.9, 5.10, 5.11, 8.9 |
| Multiply one-digit whole numbers by multiples of 10 in the range 10- 90 (e.g., 9 × 80, 5 × 60) using strategies based on place value and properties of operations. | Lessons 5.3, 5.4, 5.5 | Grade 2 Lessons 1.1, 1.2 |



| Grade-Level Priority Standard | Current Grade 3 Lessons | Prior Learning Lessons |
|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Understand a fraction as a number | Lesson 8.5 | Grade 2 Lessons 8.5, 9.4 |
| on the number line; represent | | |
| fractions on a number line diagram. | | |
| a. Represent a fraction 1/b on a | | |
| number line diagram by | | |
| defining the interval from 0 to | | |
| 1 as the whole and | | |
| partitioning it into b equal | | |
| parts. Recognize that each | | |
| part has size 1/b and that the | | |
| endpoint of the part based at | | |
| 0 locates the number 1/b on | | |
| the number line. | | |
| b. Represent a fraction <i>a/b</i> on a number line diagram by | | |
| marking off a lengths $1/b$ | | |
| from 0. Recognize that the | | |
| resulting interval has size <i>a/b</i> | | |
| and that its endpoint locates | | |
| the number a/b on the | | |
| number line. | | |
| Draw a scaled picture graph and a | Lessons 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, | Grade 2 Lesson 8.9 |
| scaled bar graph to represent a data | 2.5, 2.6 | |
| set with several categories. Solve | | |
| one- and two-step "how many | | |
| more" and "how many less" | | |
| problems using information | | |
| presented in scaled bar graphs. For | | |
| example, draw a bar graph in which | | |
| each square in the bar graph might | | |
| represent 5 pets. | | |
| Multiply side lengths to find areas | Lesson 11.7 | Grade 2 Lesson 11.7 |
| of rectangles with whole-number | | |
| side lengths in the context of | | |
| solving real world and | | |
| mathematical problems, and | | |
| represent whole-number products | | |
| as rectangular areas in | | |
| mathematical reasoning. | | |



| Grade-Level Priority Standard | Current Grade 3 Lessons | Prior Learning Lessons |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| Partition shapes into parts with | Lesson 12.9 | Grade 2 Lesson 11.7 |
| equal areas. Express the area of | | |
| each part as a unit fraction of the | | |
| whole. For example, partition a | | |
| shape into 4 parts with equal area, | | |
| and describe the area of each part | | |
| as 1/4 of the area of the shape. | | |

Use the following links to access prior learning lessons:

Grade 2 Student Edition Grade 2 Teacher Edition

If you are unable to access content from other grade levels on ThinkCentral, click My Account. If additional grade levels do not appear as a clickable option, contact your district's ThinkCentral Administrator. Rostering help is available on the <u>HMH Back to School Support</u> site.

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